JSWP® for Special Populations: Every Student Can Think; Every Student Can Write

Presented by: Teresa Barragan, M.Ed. and Stephanie Dingle, M.A. November 5, 2024









ALL STUDENTS CAN THINK. ALL STUDENTS CAN WRITE.

Ms. Teresa Barragan

EDUCATION

- B.A.- English Literature
- M.Ed., Educational Leadership and Administration

EXPERIENCE

- English Language Arts and Reading Teacher 15 years
- Grades 9-12 (On-Level, Pre-AP®, AP® Lang, AP® Lit, ESOL)
- Grades 7-8 (On-Level, Pre-AP, ESOL, GT)
- English Vertical Team Leader (6-12)
- English Department Chair
- English Lead Teacher
- English Language Arts Instructional Specialist (9-12)
- Advanced Academics Instructional Specialist (7-12)
- College Board Reader 2008
- National Trainer- Jane Schaffer Academic Writing Program®



Ms. Stephanie Dingle

EDUCATION

- B.S.- Psychology
- M.A.- Studies in Literature

EXPERIENCE

- English Language Arts and Reading Teacher 19 years
- Grades 5-12 (Remedial, On-Level, Honors, AP® Lang, AP® Lit)
- RLA Instructional Coach (Grades 6-8, 9-12)
- Instructional Leadership Specialist (9-12, multiple campuses)
- National Trainer for Jane Schaffer Academic Writing Program
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Facts about Ysleta ISD:

- One of the largest districts in El Paso
- 34.103 Students
- Predominately Hispanic population
- 78.3% Free or Reduced Lunch
- Large Emerging Bilingual (EB) population
- Highest Special Education population in the area
- As of Nov. 1, 7% (2,355) of the student population is classified Gifted and Talented (GT)

College Readiness – TSI Data

| College Readiness - All Students | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| Graduating Class | Reading TSI Readiness | Number of Students | Math TSI Readiness | Number of Students | College TSI Readiness | Number of Students |
| Class of 2022 | 38% | 1171 | 23% | 695 | 19% | 571 |
| Class of 2023 | 45% | 1330 | 28% | 837 | 24% | 723 |
| Class of 2024 | 47% | 1323 | 37% | 975 | 29% | 806 |

| College Readiness Economically Disadvantaged | | |
|--|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Graduating Class | Reading TSI Readiness | Number of Students |
| Class of 2022 | 32% | 749 |
| Class of 2023 | 39% | 796 |
| Class of 2024 | 39% | 767 |







"All students can think; all students can write."

- Jane C. Schaffer





Why Jane Schaffer? ACADEMIC WRITING PROGRAM®



Writing is a **Phinksing**



Writing Demands for EOC/STAAR and TELPAS





Texas STAAR Informational Writing Rubric - Grades 6-FII

| Texas STAAR Informational Writing Rubric - Grades 6-EII | | | |
|---|---|--|---|
| Organization and Development of Ideas | | | |
| Score Point 3 | Score Point 2 | Score Point 1 | Score Point 0 |
| Controlling idea/Thesis is clear and fully developed the controlling idea/thesis is clearly developed the controlling idea/thesis is clearly dentifiable. The focus is consistent dentifiable. The focus is consistent are stated to the controlling idea/thesis is clearly dentifiable. The focus is consistent and asysts resident and asysts resident and asysts resident and several controlling and asysts and asysts resident and expensional structure is appropriate and effectively supports the development of the controlling idealthesis. The sentences, paragraphs, or ideas are logically connected in purposeful and highly effective ways. Evidence is specific, well chosen, and relevant. The response includes relevant text-based evidence that is clearly explained and consistently supports and develops the controlling idealthesis. For pairs in grades 6 through ELI, evidence is drawn from both texts. The response reflects a thorough understanding of the writing purpose. Expression of ideas is clear and effective. The writer's word choice is specific. Plan writer's word | Controlling idea(Thesis is present and partially developed. A controlling ideathesis is presented, but it may not be cleanly identifiable because it is not fully developed. The controlling ideathesis is presented, but it may not be cleanly identifiable because it is not fully developed. The focus may not diverge be color. Oranization is limited. A purposeful structure that includes an introduction and conclusion is present. An organizational structure may not be consistent and may not advays support the logical development of the controlling ideathesis. Scentence-to-sentence connections and clarity may be lacking. Evidence is limited and may include some irrelevant information. The response may include text-based evidence to support the controlling ideathesis. For pairs, evidence is drawn from at least one of the texts. The response reflects partial understanding of the writing purpose. Expression of ideas is basic. The writer's word choice may be general and imprecise and at times may not convey the writer's ideas clearly. Sentences and phrases are at times infective and may interfere with the writer's intended meaning and weaken the message. | Controlling idea/Thesis is evident but not developed. A controlling idea/thesis is present but not developed appropriately in response to the Overload appropriately appropriately in the Overload appropriate the Supports logical development is not always evident or is not appropriate to the task. Evident subports logical development is not always evident or is not appropriate to the task. Evident in sufficient and/or mostly irrelevant. Little text-based evidence is insufficient and may be only evidence presented is mostly extraneous and/or repetitious. Explanation of any evidence presented is insufficient and may be only vaguely related to the writing task. For pairs in grades 5 through Ell; evidence is drawn from only one text. The response reflects a limited understanding of the writing purpose. Expression of ideas is ineffective. The writer's word choice is vague or limited and may impede the quality and clarity of the essay. Sentences and phrases are often ineffective, interfect with new writer's intended meaning, and impact the strength and clarity of the message. | A controlling idea/thesis may be evident. The response lacks an introduction and conclusion. An organizational structure is no evident. See the provided or its irrelevent. The response reflects a lack of understanding of the provided or its irrelevent. The response reflects a lack of understanding of the provided or its irrelevent. The response receives a score point of in the Development and Organization of ideas trait, the response will also earn 0 points in the Conventions trait. |

| ACADEMIC WRITING PROGRAM* Texas STAAR Informational and Argumentative Writing Rubric – Grades 3-5 Organization and Development of Ideas | | | |
|---|--|---|--|
| Score Point 3 | Score Point 2 | Score Point 1 | Score Point 0 |
| entral Idea or argument/opinion is clear and fully developed to ecentral idea or argument/opinion is early identifiable. The focus is consistent roughout, creating a response that is unified of easy to follow. The response that is unified of easy to follow. The response includes an argument of the response includes an includes an include and includes an argument of the organizational structure is proportiate and effectively supports the velopment of the central idea or gument/opinion. The sentences are represented in the proposetial and inplus effective ways. A consistent of the central idea or gument/opinion. The sentences are responses includes relevant text-based vidence that is clearly explained and nosistently supports and develops the central ear or argument/opinion. For pairs in grades 5, evidence is drawn from at least one text. The response reflects a thorough inderstanding of the writing purpose. A proposely and principles of the proposely and principles is clearly explained and proposely and principles is clearly explained and principles are response effects a thorough inderstanding of the writing purpose. A proposely and principles is clear and effective he writer's vord choice is specific, proposely, and sentences and phrases are fectively crafted to convey the writer's ideas and contribute to the overall quality of the sponse and the clarity of the message. | Central idea or argument/opinion is present and partially developed A central idea or argument/opinion is presented. A central idea or argument/opinion is presented, but it may not be clearly identifiable because it is not fully developed. The focus may not always be consistent and may not always be easy to follow. Organization is limited A purposed if surface to the consistent and may not always support the begoat development of the central idea or agument/opinion. Sentence—be-entience connections and carrier was to the consistent and may not always support the begoat connections and clarity may be leaking. Evidence is limited and may include some trelevant his ormal to the consistent of the consistence of the text of the tex | Central idea or argument/opinion is evident but not developed A central idea or argument/opinion is present but not developed appropriately in response to the writing task. Organization is minimal and/or weak. Organization is minimal and/or weak An introduction or conclusion may be present. An organizational structure that supports organizational structure that supports logical development is not always evident or is not appropriate to the task. Virelevant Little text-based evidence is insufficient and/or mostly irrelevant Little text-based evidence is presented to support the central idea or argument/opinion, or the evidence presented is mostly extraneous and/or repetitious. Explanation or any evidence presented is insufficient and may be only vaguely related to the writing task. The responser reflects a limited understanding of the writing purpose. Expression of Ideas is Ineffective. The writer's word choice is vague or limited and may impede the quality and clarity of the essay. Sentences and phrases are often ineffective, ineffective interfect with the writer's intended meaning, and impact the strength and clarity of the message. | A central idea or argument/opinion may be evident The response lacks an introduction and conclusion. An organizational structure is not evident. Evidence is not provided or is irrelevant. The response reflects a lack of understandin of the writing purpose. The expression of ideas is unclear and/or incoherent. Please note that if a response receives a score point 0 in the Development and Organization of Ideas trait, the response will also earn 0 points in the Conventions trait. |

"For informational writing use "central idea." For argumentative/opinion writing use "argument/opinion.







| | (1) Writing that receives a score point 1 per characteristic | (2) Writing that receives a score point 2 per characteristic | (3) Writing that receives a score point 3 per characteristic | (4) Writing that receives a score point 4 per characteristic |
|--------------|--|---|---|--|
| Vocabulary | May contain some high-frequency or routine words and phrases; may even contain a small number of very simple formulaic sentences May include vocabulary from the student's native language Contains widespread spelling errors that significantly interfere with comprehensibility even with common, high-frequency words; spelling errors reflect frequent borrowing from the student's native language | Uses vocabulary that is repetitive or limited in range and variety, particularly when writing is academic May circumlocute when the precise word is unknown or struggle to use words correctly Contains some spelling errors that may interfere with comprehensibility; spelling errors may reflect some borrowing from the native language | Generally uses a variety and range of grade-appropriate social language; may struggle to use vocabulary that is academic or newly introduced Sometimes uses vocabulary that is precise; may not always have the right word(s) for the task Contains occasional spelling errors that do not significantly interfere with comprehensibility; errors do not represent a significant level of interference from the native language | Consistently uses a variety and range of grade-appropriate academic and social language Consistently uses precise vocabulary; employs the right word(s) for the task Contains infrequent spelling errors that do not interfere with comprehensibility, similar to those made by native English-speaking peers; errors are only rarely due to interference from the native language |
| Usage | May contain some simple sentences using present tense or memorized past tense verbs but with errors and inaccuracies Includes significant grammar usage errors that interfere with comprehensibility | Contains mostly simple sentences using present tense; other tenses used inconsistently or inaccurately Includes frequent grammar usage errors that sometimes interfere with comprehensibility | May still contain many simple sentences but shows ability to use simple tenses successfully and a developing ability to use complex tenses Demonstrates an emerging ability to write compound and/or complex sentences Includes some grammar usage errors that do not significantly interfere with comprehensibility | Consistently demonstrates ability to correctly use both simple and complex tenses Contains some expanded compound and/or complex sentences Demonstrates grammar usage that is generally correct and comparable to that of grade-level native English-speaking peers Includes infrequent grammar usage errors which do not interfere with comprehensibility; errors may be similar to those made by native English-speaking peers or be limited to complex grammar structures |
| Completeness | May copy the prompt or contain no English Contains simple sentences lacking details or language needed to align to the task Is minimally effective in communicating intended message | May include limited or repetitive use of words and phrases needed to sequence events and show relationships between sentences (cohesive devices) Narrates, describes, or explains in a limited way with few details; lacks language needed to align to the task Shows limited effectiveness in communicating intended message | Includes some of the appropriate words and phrases needed to sequence events and show the relationship between sentences but does so inconsistently and with some repetition or unnaturalness Narrates, describes, or explains in some detail but shows a decline when topics are more academic or abstract Is mostly effective in communicating intended message but lacks some specificity needed to complete the task | Includes the appropriate words, phrases, and/or clauses needed to sequence events and show the relationship between sentences or parts of sentences Reflects a clear alignment to the specific genre (narration, description, explanation, etc.) Mostly achieves the intended goal and contains a degree of specificity and detail needed to address the task completely |

Score Point 3

Controlling idea/Thesis is clear and fully developed

The controlling idea/thesis is clearly identifiable. The focus is consistent throughout, creating a response that is unified and easy to follow.

Organization is effective

A purposeful structure that includes an effective introduction and conclusion is evident. The organizational structure is appropriate and effectively supports the development of the controlling idea/thesis. The sentences, paragraphs, or ideas are logically connected in purposeful and highly effective ways.

Evidence is specific, well chosen, and relevant

The response includes relevant text-based evidence that is clearly explained and consistently supports and develops the controlling idea/thesis. For pairs in grades 6 through EII, evidence is drawn from both texts. The response reflects a thorough understanding of the writing purpose.

Expression of ideas is clear and effective

The writer's word choice is specific, purposeful, and enhances the response. Almost all sentences and phrases are effectively crafted to convey the writer's ideas and contribute to the overall quality of the response and the clarity of the message

Score Point 3

Central idea or argument/opinion is clear and fully developed

The central idea or argument/opinion is clearly identifiable. The focus is consistent throughout, creating a response that is unified and easy to follow.

Organization is effective

A purposeful structure that includes an effective introduction and conclusion is evident. The organizational structure is appropriate and effectively supports the development of the central idea or argument/opinion. The sentences, paragraphs, or ideas are logically connected in purposeful and highly effective ways.

Evidence is specific, well chosen, and relevant

The response includes relevant text-based evidence that is clearly explained and consistently supports and develops the central idea or argument/opinion. For pairs in grades 3-5, evidence is drawn from at least one text. The response reflects a thorough understanding of the writing purpose.

Expression of ideas is clear and effective

The writer's word choice is specific, purposeful, and enhances the response. Almost all sentences and phrases are effectively crafted to convey the writer's ideas and contribute to the overall quality of the response and the clarity of the message.

(4)

Writing that receives a score point 4 per characteristic

- Consistently uses a variety and range of grade-appropriate academic and social language
- Consistently uses precise vocabulary; employs the right word(s) for the task
- Contains infrequent spelling errors that do not interfere with comprehensibility, similar to those made by native Englishspeaking peers; errors are only rarely due to interference from the native language
- Consistently demonstrates ability to correctly use both simple and complex tenses
- Contains some expanded compound and/or complex sentences
- Demonstrates grammar usage that is generally correct and comparable to that of grade-level native English-speaking peers
- Includes infrequent grammar usage errors which do not interfere with comprehensibility; errors may be similar to those made by native English-speaking peers or be limited to complex grammar structures
- Includes the appropriate words, phrases, and/or clauses needed to sequence events and show the relationship between sentences or parts of sentences
- Reflects a clear alignment to the specific genre (narration, description, explanation, etc.)
- Mostly achieves the intended goal and contains a degree of specificity and detail needed to address the task completely

What are some commonalities in these rubrics?



- Development
 - Clear Thesis
- Organization
 - Selecting the Evidence
 - Explaining the Evidence
- Conventions
- Completeness





Writing is a Way to

Formulate and Communicate New Learning

Across-The-Curriculum





"Formula/Structure is a Place to Start for Students Who Need It." - JS



Essential Components

- Common Terminology
- Graphic Organizers
- Color-Coding
- Knowing the Difference Between
 Concrete Detail and Commentary
- Writing in Class
- Conferring with Individual Students and Small Groups





Gradual Release of Responsibility

"I Do It."

"We Do It Together."

"You Do It."





Concrete Detail (2+)

Most Often Comes from Your Reading, Observations, Experience

- What Happened?
- Facts
- Examples
- Support
- Quotations
- Citations
- Paraphrase
- Illustration
- Evidence
- Procedures
- Data
- Dates
- Names/Titles
- Events
- □ "Play-by-play Announcer"



Commentary (1)

Comes From Your Head

- o The "So What"
- o The "Why"
- o Analysis
- o Significance
- o Importance
- o Implications
- o Interpretation
- o Evaluation
- o Inferences
- o Insights
- o Reasoning
- o Constructive Criticism
- o Effect
- o Impact
- o Meaning
- o "Color Commentator"



Writing is a **Phinksing**





Scaffolded Instruction

Teach skills in even smaller segments at a time.











STEPS IN THE JSWP WRITING PROCESS AND GRAPHIC ORANIZERS

DECODING THE PROMPT CLOSE READING AND ANNOTATING GATHERING CDs AND GENERATING CMs COMPLETING THE T-CHART

THE SHAPING SHEET

THE BODY PARAGRAPH



MODEL

JSWP Expository Prompt



In a one-chunk <u>body paragraph</u> (2+:1), explain how Harriet Tubman impacted the lives of others.





Harriet Tubman showed courage in the face of extreme

trials. CD1Over the course of many years, Tubman "put herself in danger" in order to save her family and other slaves. CD2 She "made [seventeen] trips to Maryland" and "saved 300 people," eventually

becoming known as the "Moses of her people." She was determined to help and even willing to die for her cause. Tubman's willingness

to take risks impacted generations and changed many lives for

the better.



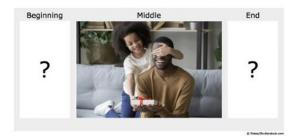
TELPAS Writing Practice (Grade 4-5)



Grades 4-5 Writing Questions and Scored Responses

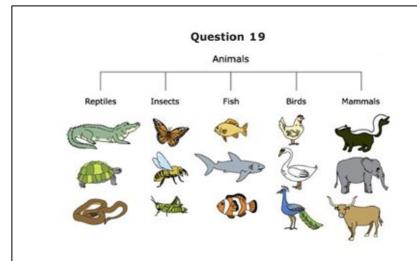
Question 27

Look at the picture. It shows what happened in the middle of a story. You will use this picture to write a story with a beginning, a middle, and an end.



Prompt

- First, write the beginning of the story, before what you see in the picture. Tell what the girl did.
- Next, write the middle of the story. Use the picture to tell what the characters said and did and how they felt.
- Then, write the end of the story, after what you see in the picture. Tell what the characters did.



Prompt

- · Describe this picture. What can you learn from the picture?
- · Choose two animals from different groups. Tell several facts about each animal.
- · Explain how the two animals are similar and how they are different.
- · Choose an animal from the picture that you like. Explain why you like this animal.



TELPAS Writing Practice (Grades 4-12)

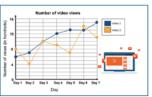
How many notifications on Social Media each day

I had the most notifications between 8-10 P.M.



PROMPT #3: Describe what is happening in the line graph.

- Why do you think the number of views for Video 1 increased?
- What do you notice about the views for Video 2?
- What conclusions have you come to after looking at the graph?
- Write about a time when you looked at or made a line graph like this one. What
 was it for?



Begin by planning what you want to write \rightarrow First you think, and then you write.

| Concrete Details (Facts, Observations, Information) Who, When, Where, How, Whet Haggened | Commentary (Bioboration, Reasoning, Explanation) Thoughts, Feetings, Reactions |
|--|--|
| What is happaning\$ | Description Words |
| Video 1 | Conclusions |
| Video 3 | Conclusion |
| Your experience | What you learned |
| Pur it fogsther! | |
| | |
| | |

| Concrete Details (Facts, Observations, Information) | Commentary (Elaboration, Reasoning, Explanation) |
|---|--|
| Who, When, Where, How, What Happened | Thoughts, Feelings, Reactions |
| What is happening? | Description Words |
| Two videos, one week | Trends |
| Number of views on the y-axis (up and down) | Informative |
| Number of days on the x-axis (bottom) | What impacts the movement? |
| /ideo 1 | Conclusions |
| Blue line moved up each day | Consistent |
| Started at 600, ended at 1,500 (900 increase) | Growing popularity |
| Biggest increase on Day 2 | |
| /ideo 2 | Conclusions |
| Yellow line moved up and down | Inconsistent |
| Largest decrease on Day 1 | wishy-washy |
| Largest increase on Day 5 | |
| our experience | What you learned |
| In math class we made a line graph | Line graphs track information so you can see pattern |

Put it together!

The graphs show the number of views two videos got during one week. The blue line shows Video 1 and the yellow line shows Video 2. Video 1 moved up a little bit each day, and the biggest increase was on Day 2. Overall, it had a 900 view increase. Video 1 had a consistent trend and grew in popularity over the week. On the other hand, Video 2 moved up and down. It had a large decrease on Day 1 and a large increase on Day 5. The views on Video 2 were inconsistent and wishy-washy.

Lots of notifications - can be distractina

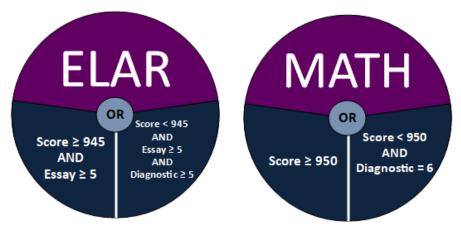
Wasted time, fun, mindless, helps me relax

A time when I had to make a graph like this was in math class. My teacher made the class track how many notifications we got on SnapChat every day for one week. I noticed that I had the most notifications in the evening between 8:00 and 10:00 P.M. From keeping track of my information, I learned that I spend a lot of time on my phone and that social media can be fun but distracting.

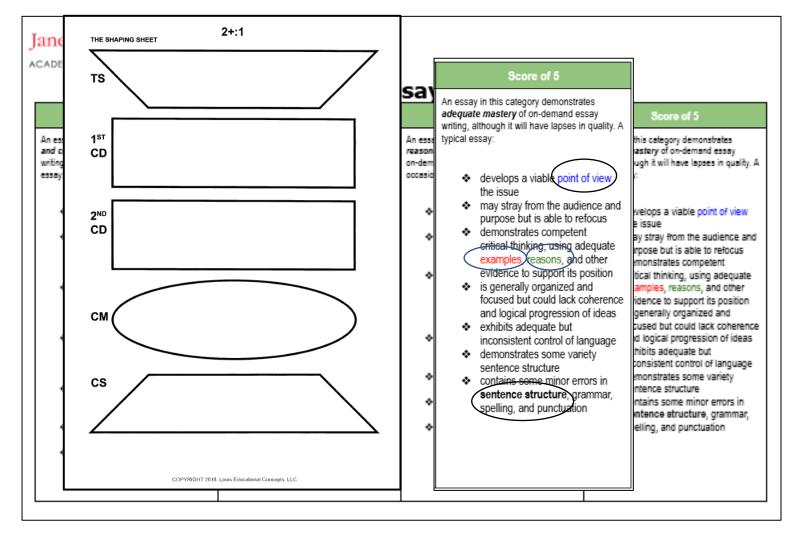








Students taking the ELAR exam for the first time are no longer required to take both the MC and Essay.







TSIA2 Essay Sample Prompt and Paragraph

Passage

Some people claim that each individual is solely responsible for what happens to him or her. But the claim that we ought to take absolute responsibility for the kinds of people we are and the kinds of lives we lead suggests that we have complete control over our lives. We do not. The circumstances of our lives can make it more or less impossible to make certain kinds of choices.

Adapted from Gordon D. Marino, "I Think You Should Be Responsible; I'm Not So Sure."

Assignment

Are we free to make our own decisions or are we limited in the choices we can make?

Plan and write a multiparagraph essay (300–600 words) in which you develop your point of view on the above question. Support your position with reasoning and examples taken from your reading, studies, experience, or observations.

Part of being human is that people have limitations and cannot do everything, and it does not matter where the limitations originate. Minority groups in America are limited to what jobs they can secure, sometimes due to discrimination. Teenagers may be limited because they have no reliable means of transportation or steady income. Some people live below the poverty line, despite having steady jobs and strong work ethic. However, every person has the potential to break free and create choice and opportunities in their lives. Barriers are everywhere, and people may struggle, but with perseverance, it is possible to thrive.



Any Questions?





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For more information,
please go to our "About Us"
page on JaneSchaffer.com
or scan this QR Code, which
will take you there!



